

# Material Safety Data Sheet

## I. IDENTIFICATION

**Manufactured By:** StressKote Brittle Coatings, LLC.  
 33511 Hwy 18  
 Building C  
 Delafield, WI 53018  
**General Information:** Monday – Thursday, 7:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.  
 Friday, 7:30 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.

**24-Hour Emergency Telephone**  
 414-940-1193

**Trade Name:** Plastic Primer Aerosol

**Mfg. Part Number:** SK-PS

## II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

CAS #67-64-1 Acetone		Weight %: 20 – 50 Footnote (1)
ACGIH TLV: 500 ppm TWA OSHA PEL: 1000 ppm TWA VAPOR PRESSURE: 185 MM Hg60F	ACGIH STEL: 1000 ppm OSHA CEILING: LEL: 2.6%	OSHA PEAK:
CAS #75-28-5 Isobutane		Weight %: 5 - 20
ACGIH TLV: NE OSHA PEL: NE VAPOR PRESSURE: 3.1 atm	ACGIH STEL: OSHA CEILING: LEL: 1.6%	OSHA PEAK:
CAS # 74-98-6 Propane		Weight %: 5 -20
ACGIH TLV: 2500 ppm TWA OSHA PEL: 1000 ppm TWA VAPOR PRESSURE: 7150mmHg@20c	ACGIH STEL: OSHA CEILING: LEL:	OSHA PEAK:
CAS # 1330-20-7 Xylene		Weight %: 5 – 20 Footnote (1)
ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm TWA OSHA PEL: 100 ppm TWA VAPOR PRESSURE: 6.6mmHg@20c	ACGIH STEL: 150 ppm OSHA CEILING: LEL: 1%	OSHA PEAK:
CAS # 100-41-4 Ethyl Benzene		Weight %: 1 - 5
ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm TWA OSHA PEL: 100 ppm TWA VAPOR PRESSURE:	ACGIH STEL: 125 ppm OSHA CEILING: LEL:	OSHA PEAK:
CAS # 123-42-2 Diacetone Alcohol		Weight %: 1 - 5 Footnote (1)
ACGIH TLV: 50 ppm TWA OSHA PEL: 50 ppm TWA VAPOR PRESSURE: 1 mm	ACGIH STEL: 75 ppm OSHA CEILING: LEL: 1.8%	OSHA PEAK:
CAS #64742-95-6 Aromatic 100		Weight %: 1 - 5 Footnote (1)
ACGIH TLV: OSHA PEL: VAPOR PRESSURE: 2.7 mmHg@20c	ACGIH STEL: OSHA CEILING: LEL: 0.9%	OSHA PEAK:

**Warning Messages:**

- (1) Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Chronic exposure may cause damage to the central nervous system, respiratory system, lung, eye, skin, liver, gastro intestinal tract, spleen, kidneys and blood.

(2) See Section IX for reportable Hazardous Air Pollutants.

### III. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE: -43-356 degree Farenheight

EVAPORATION RATE: Propellant: Faster then ether      SOLVENT: Slower than ether

PERCENT VOLITILE BY VOLUME: 87.34%      WEIGHT PER GALLON: 6.64 LBS.

VAPOR DENSITY: Propellant is lighter than air      Solvent is heavier than air

ACTUAL VOC      (lb/gal): 3.59

EPA VOC      (lb/gal): 4.59

EPA VOC: (g/L): 550.07

### IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: -156 Degree Farenheight

LEL: Refer to Section II

- 105 Degree Celsius

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: CLASS 1A

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: FLAMMABLE

CONSUMER COMMIDTY: ORM-D

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: \*carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or fire foam”

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: With excessive heat, can will rupture from internal pressure and discharge flammable contents. Vapors may ignite explosively. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Prevent build up of vapors by opening all windows and doors to achieve cross-ventilation.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: See Section II.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Inhalation – Anesthetic

Irritation of the respiratory tract or acute nervous system. Depression caused by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness, dizziness

Acute – High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, and may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects, including death. Product has a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity, but minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

Chronic- Xylene contains ethyl benzene which has been classified as a possible carcinogen to humans, group 2B, by the International Agency for the Research on Cancer (IARC), based on sufficient evidence in laboratory animals but inadequate evidence for cancer in humans. Prolonged or repeated overexposure to ethyl benzene may cause the following: kidney effects, liver effects, lung effects, thyroid effects, testicular effects, pituitary effects.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: consult physician

PRIMARY ROUTE (S) OF ENTRY: Eyes, Ingestion, Skin and Inhalation

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air.

EYES: Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Talk to a physician for medical treatment.

SKIN: Wipe off with towel. Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Remove stomach contents by gastric suction or induce vomiting only as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**HMIS Rating**

Health 3, Flammability 4, Physical Hazard 0, Personal Protection G

*Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks.*

VI. Reactivity Data

STABILITY: STABLE

Hazardous Polymerization: \*will not occur\*

INCOMPATIBILITY: oxidizing agents, halogens, strong reducing agents and strong bases.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: When heated to decomposition, toxic fumes are formed.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Fire, burning, and welding

VII. SPILL OR LEAD PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Remove all sources of ignition (flames, hot surfaces and electrical, static or frictional sparks). Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area. Use non-sparking tools. Remove with inert absorbent.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: For casual use none required. To avoid breathing vapors or spray mist, open windows and doors or use other means to ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headaches or dizziness, increase fresh air or wear respiratory protection (NIOSH/MSHA approved) or leave the area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

VENTILATION: Provide general dilution or local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV and LEL of most hazardous ingredients in Section II, below acceptable limits.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Permeation resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber) should be used. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing.

EYE PROTECTION: Splash proof eye and goggles. In emergency situations, use eye goggles with a full-face shield.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Protective clothing such as coveralls or lab coats must be worn

HYGENIC PRACTICES: See section V

**IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:**

Do not store above 120 degrees F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class 1A flammable liquids.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS:** Do not spray in eyes. Do not puncture or increase cans. Do not stick a pin or any sharp objects into opening of can. Finger must not protrude over spray button.

**LIST OF HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE CLEAN AIR ACT, TITLE I SECTION 112 'National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants':**

Ingredient	CAS#	Wt% of HAPS In product	Pounds HAPS/ Gal product
Xylene	1330-20-7	15.0 %	1.0
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	3.4 %	0.2

**X. STABILITY & REACTIVITY**

Not available at this time

**XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No information available at this time

**XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No information available at this time.

**XIII. DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

Disposal should be made in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

**XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

US Department of Transportation

Proper shipping name: Aerosols Flammable  
UN ID Number: UN1950

International Air Transport Association

Proper Shipping name: Aerosols, Flammable  
Hazardous Class: 2.1  
UN ID Number: UN1950

International Maritime Organization

Proper Shipping name: Aerosols, Flammable  
Hazardous Class: 2  
UN ID Number: UN1950

Please consult 49CFR to ensure that shipments comply with regulations. Exceptions may be applied and can be found in 49CFR subchapter C.